202AK Series Golf Cart

Operation Manual



Preface

Thanks for purchasing our electric vehicle. This manual contains information for proper operating, maintaining and caring of your electric vehicle. A thorough understanding of this manual will help you to obtain maximum enjoyment from this electric vehicle. Please keep it properly for future reference.

Important Information:

Particularly important information is distinguished by the following notations:

WARNING!

Fail to follow Warning instructions could result in severe injury to the vehicle occupants, bystanders or persons inspecting or repairing the vehicle.

CAUTION!

Fail to follow Caution instructions could cause damage to the vehicle.

Special Notices:

Because the seat & backrest wrapping film may stick to the seat vinyl and cause seat vinyl fading or being stained, please remove the seat & backrest wrapping film when you start to use the vehicle!

If you have to stock the vehicle for a long time, please also remove the seat & backrest wrapping film.

Pictures for reference!!

2-passenger golf car



2+2 with jumper seat



2+2 with flip-flop seat



2 seats with cargo box



4-passenger golf car



4+2 with jumper seat



4+2 with flip-flop seat



4 seats with cargo box



2 seats with long cargo box

INDEX

1. OVERVIEW	01
2. TECHNICAL DATA	03
3. CONTROLS	05
4. OPERATION	14
5.SAFE OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS	15
6. MAINTENANCE	17
6.1 Maintenance of Battery	17
6.2 Operation and Maintenance of Charger ——	23
6.3 Maintenance of the Traction Motor	24
6.4 Maintenance of the Speed Controller	26
6.5 Maintenance of Rear Axle	28
6.6 Wheel Replacement	29
6.7 Brake Adjustment	30
7. LUBRICATION —	31
8. RUNNING-IN OF NEW VEHICLE	32
9. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE CHARTS	33
10. LOCATION OF FUSES	35
11. STORAGE	36
12. WIRING DIAGRAM	37

1. OVERVIEW

Our vehicle is environment-friendly, and it can be used as people mover or utility car in golf course, vacation villages, villa areas, resort hotels, private residential areas, tourist scenic spots, or any other places where it is allowed.

WARNING!

Please always be sure of whether there is any restriction in the area where you intend to use the vehicle to avoid any unpleasant experience.

IMPORTANT LABELS

SAFETY LABEL

Read carefully and understand the contents on the safety label attached on the vehicle.

SAFETY and OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING! Failure to comply with all safety warnings may cause bodily injury to the vehicle operator passengers.

- Keep entire body in vehicle and hold on when vehicle is in motion.
- Only qualified people should operate this vehicle.
- Do not operate this vehicle while under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Make sure all passengers are securely seated before driving.
- Apply park brake into the locked position when the car is parked or unattended.

Label Above is attached on the dash panel as below:



CAPETY and OBERATING INSTRUCTIONS

• WMSRMOT Falue to corpty with all subny wormings may cause bodily injury to the webicle aperator poli-Keep cortic belong in webicle and folial for whom website is in ration.

Outry qualified people droubling operator this website.

Do not operate this website with a series of the influence of drugs or abortor.

Make so you all passengers are operately swatted before driving.

Authorized belonge of the failured enables on one to require the influence.

Vehicle Information (Name Plate)

The name plate located at the lower part of the steering column cover as below fig.



Chassis number of the vehicle

The chassis number of the vehicle is printed on the right side of the right beam and above the rear right wheel as below picture shows.



chassis Number

RH of the vehicle, Rear

VIN -

VIN and ID number

The VIN and ID number of the vehicle are printed on the left side of the left beam and above the rear left wheel as below picture shows.



LH of the vehicle, Rear

2. TECHNICAL DATE

Model	EG202AK	EG202AKSF	EG202AKSZ	EG202AH
Data	2-passenger golf car	2+2 with jumper seat	2+2 with flip-flop seat	2 seats with cargo box
Overall Dimension (mm) (L×W×H)	2420*1180*1850	2920*1180*1980	2920*1180*1980	2870*1180*1850
Range (km) (loaded) based on flat road at a speed of 20km/h)	≥70	>70	>70	>70
Max. speed (km/h)	<40	<40	<40	<40
Minimum turning radius (m)	3	3	3	3
Max. Climbing Ability (loaded)	< 20%	<20%	< 20%	< 20%
Noise (dB)	<68	< 68	< 68	< 68
Front Wheel tread (mm)	940	940	940	940
Rear Wheel tread (mm)	980	086	086	086
Max. movement after brake at speed of 20km/h (V=20 km/h)	4	4	4	4
Min. ground clearance (mm)	116	116	116	116
Parking brake performance (%)	20%	20%	20%	20%

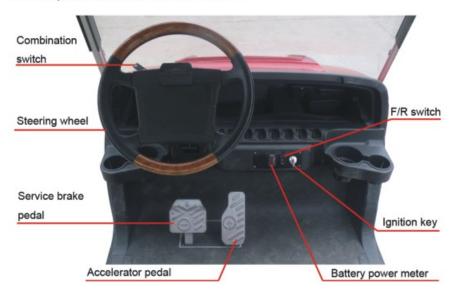
Model	EG204AK	EG204AKSF	EG204AKSZ	EG204AH	EG204AHCX
Data	4-passenger golf car	4+2 with jumper 4+2 with flipseat	4+2 with flip- flop seat	4 seats with cargo box	2 seats with long cargo box
Overall Dimension (mm) (L×W×H)	3160*1180*1980	3670*1180*1980 3670*1180*1980	3670*1180*1980	3620*1180*1980	3430*1180*1850
Range (km) (loaded) based on flat road at a speed of 20km/h)	≥70	≥70	>70	≥70	>70
Max. speed (km/h)	<40	<.40	<40	<40	<40
Minimum turning radius (m)	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Max. Climbing Ability (loaded)	<20%	<20%	<20%	<20%	<20%
Noise (dB)	<68	≈68	× 68	<68	< 68
Front Wheel tread (mm)	940	940	940	940	940
Rear Wheel tread (mm)	980	980	980	980	980
Max. movement after brake at speed of 20km/h (V=20 km/h)	4	4	4	4	4
Min. ground clearance (mm)	116	116	116	116	116
Parking brake performance (%)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%

3.CONTROLS

1, Schematic Figure of controls

There have two versions of controls.

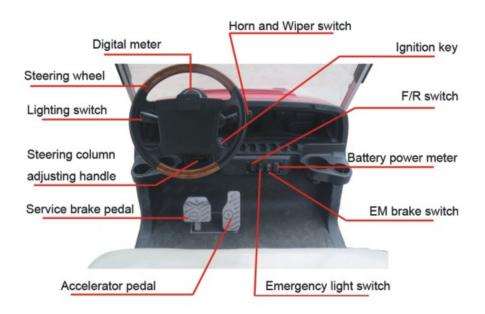
Below 3 pictures show the standard one.





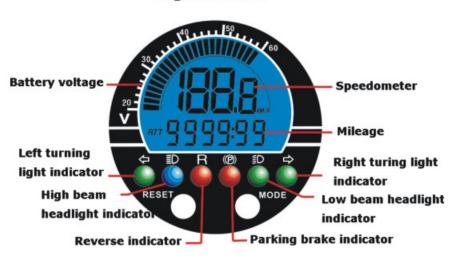


Below 5 pictures show the higher level one (optional).

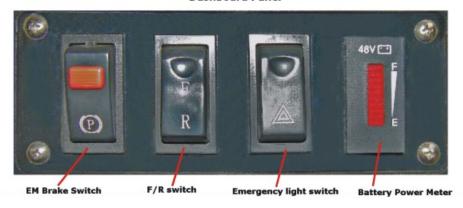




Digital Meter



Dashboard Panel



2. Function of the controls

Ignition key -- The Ignition key is used to switch on the electrical system of the vehicle.

NOTE: There are two different kind of Ignition key may installed on your vehicle as right pictures show. Check and find out which Ignition key it is on your vehicle.

The ignition key at the right side is for vehicle with standard configuration.

To engage the motor and start the vehicle, Insert the key and turn it clockwise to the ON position, at the same time, the 12V accessory system (including the headlight, turn signal, taillight, brake light and horns) will be engaged too.

To switch the power off, turn the key counterclockwise to OFF position.



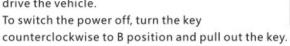
CAUTION!

When the Key is on 'ON' position, the key cannot be pulled out. Don' t try to pull out the Key when it's on 'ON' position!

The ignition key at the right side is for vehicles with higher level configuration.

It has two position, insert the key and turn it clockwise to the first (I) position to engage the 12V accessory system (including the headlight, turn signal, taillight, brake light, horn, wiper and digital meter); turn it clockwise further to the second (II) position to engage the motor and to drive the vehicle.

Note: only when pull out the key, the 12V accessory system will be powered off completely.



CAUTION!

When the Key is on the 'I' and 'II' position, the key cannot be pulled out. Don't try to pull out the key when it is on 'I' and 'II' position

Accelerator pedal——It is used to control the speed. Step it down gradually to increase the speed. The vehicle will speed up with the gradual stepping down of the accelerator pedal, eventually reaching the full speed when the pedal is stepped down to the bottom. The vehicle slows down with the releasing of the pedal. If the vehicle isn't equipped with electromagnetic brake (standard configuration), when the pedal is fully released, regenerative brake will function; and the vehicle will brake automatically.



If the vehicle is equipped with electromagnetic brake and AC system, when the pedal is fully released, electromagnetic brake will function, and the vehicle will stop and parked.



Service Brake pedal——Decelerate the vehicle. Step down service brake pedal to decelerate the vehicle and finally stop the vehicle if needed.

Hand brake for parking ——The hand brake is used for parking. The hand brake should be engaged into parking position whenever the vehicle is left unattended; pull up the hand brake to the end position in order to park the vehicle completely. This operation will make the vehicle stay in parking position when this vehicle is unattended.



Engage the hand park brake

WARNING!

Do not drive the vehicle when the hand brake is engaged! Always check and release the hand brake before driving. Failed to do this will cause motor burn.

How to engage and disengage the parking brake? To engage the parking brake, pull up the hand brake lever to the end;

To disengage the parking brake,

pull up the hand brake lever to the end and then press down the button on the top of the brake lever, with the button being pressed down, push down the brake lever to the bottom.



Steering wheel——The steering wheel is used to control the driving direction.

Please avoid any sudden and big turning.

Forward/reverse switch——This switch is a three-position switch, depressing the upper part gets the vehicle move forwards while depressing the lower part gets the vehicle move backwards, and the middle is neutral.



WARING! This switch must be fully depressed into the proper position, or the electric system and motor will be damaged.

NOTE: The buzzer will beep when the lower part of this switch is depressed, to warning people around the vehicle

EM brake switch (Optional, available with vehicle with Curtis 1243 Curtis 1266 and Curtis 1268 controller and EM brake) — This switch is a two-position switch, two way interlock.

Push down the red button to the end and depress the upper part to release EM brake, then the vehicle can run; while push down the red button to the end and depress the lower parts to engage the EM brake to parkthe vehicle, in the meanwhile thelights "P" will be on.



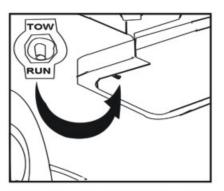
Emergency light switch—Whenever need to stop the vehicle aside the road because of emergency case, switch on the emergency light button.



TOW/RUN SWITCH (available for Curtis 1266 and 1268 controller)

Before operating the vehicle, make sure the TOW/RUN switch is on 'RUN' position.

Make sure the TOW/RUN switch is on the 'TOW' position if towing the vehicle. The TOW/RUN switch is under the rear body as showed below picture.



NOTE: When the TOW/RUN switch is on the 'RUN' position, the vehicle will beep when push the vehicle to remind you.

WARNING!

Whenever the TOW/RUN switch is moved from the RUN position to the TOW position, please move it back to the RUN position, there is a delay of approximately 30 seconds before the vehicle will run.

Combination switch

This combination switch is for standard configuration.

The combination switch includes two parts, left part is the switch for turning light and horn; right part is the switch for the headlight.

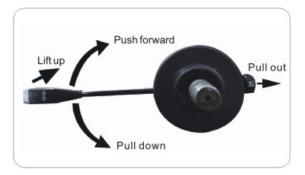
Left Part (Turning light switch and horn switch)

This switch is used to switch on/off turn signal and horn.

- 1) To lift up the handle lever to activate the horn;
- 2) To push forward the handle lever to activate the right turn signal;
- 3) To pull down the handle lever to activate the left turn signal.

Right Part (Headlight switch)

Pull out the button to switch on the headlight.



Lighting Switch and Horn&wiper switch (Optional)

This lighting switch and horn&wiper switch is for higher level configuration. The lighting switch includes turning light switch and headlight switch. The horn & wiper switch includes horn switch and wiper switch (optional).

Left lever (Lighting switch)

- 1) The top button of the lever is used to control the headlight, turn to the first position, the position light will be on; turn to the second position; the low beam will be on.
- 2) Push the lever to the front to engage the right turning light when planning to turn and drive the vehicle to the right.
- 3) Push the lever to the rear to engage the left turning light when planning to turn and drive the vehicle to the left.
- 4) Pull the lever to the top to engage the high beam light. The lever will be back to the middle automatically when leaving it.
- 5) Press down the lever to engage the high beam light.

Right lever (Horn & wiper switch)

NOTE: Wiper switch only functions when the vehicle comes with wiper and (or) water spray

1)Lift the lever to engage the horn;

2)Turn the top button to the on Position to engage the wiper motor, push the lever to the front to the LO and HI position to start the wiper.

NOTE: There are three speed position signals on the right lever—INT, LO and HI, but the wiper motor only has one speed, so we didn't connect the power to the INT position and LO and HI position in the same speed.



Battery Power Meter ——Indicates the battery power.

There are 10 divisions on the meter (from 0 to 1). The meter will decline from the top to the bottom as the battery discharges. When the battery is too low, the red indicator light will flash, reminding you to recharge the battery.

NOTE: please refer to your Battery Chargers Owners Manual for how to recharge the batteries.



Steering column adjusting handle——It is used to adjust the steering column. If the driver space is not enough for you, pull down this handle and lift down or up the steering column accordingly.

Digital Meter

- 1) Speedometer ——shows the speed when the vehicle is running.
- 2) Mileage——shows the accumulated distance that the vehicle has run.
- 3) Battery voltage——shows the voltage of the battery group.
- 4) Left turning light indicator——to indicate the left turning light is on.
- 5) Right turning light indicator—to indicate the right turning light is on.
- 6) High beam headlight indicator——to indicate the high beam headlight is on.
- 7) Low beam headlight indicator——to indicate the low beam headlight is on.
- 8) Reverse indicator—— to indicate F/R switch is on 'Reverse' position and vehicle can be reserved or is reversing.
- 9) Parking brake indicator—— to indicate that the parking brake is engaged, release the parking brake when drive the vehicle.

4. OPERATION

Starting

- 1) Press the F/R to the neutral if it's not;
- 2)Insert the ignition key and turn it to the second position;
- 3) Press the F/R switch and lock it to the desired position;
- 4) Release the park brake
- a. If it's equipped with hand park brake, release the hand park brake as instructed above;
- b. If it's equipped with EM brake, and the system of the vehicle is DC system, press the park brake switch to upper part;
- c. If it's equipped with EM brake, and the system of the vehicle is 48V AC system, when step on the accelerator pedal, the EM park brake will release automatically.
- 5)Step down the accelerator pedal slowly and smoothly, the vehicle will start to move.

WARNING!

Do not step down the accelerator pedal when turning on the power key, otherwise, the vehicle may suddenly start moving.

WARNING!

If the accelerator pedal is stepped down before the power key is switched on, the car will not run. In this case, you should release the accelerator pedal first, then turn the power key to ON position, then step down the accelerator pedal again, the vehicle will start moving.

CAUTION:

Slow down the speed of the vehicle to less than 15km/h before turning the vehicle!

STOPPING

To stop the vehicle, gradually press down on the brake pedal. When the vehicle stops, apply the park brake and turn the power key to OFF position and pull out the key, press the F/R switch to the neutral position.

CAUTION:

Do not hold the vehicle on an incline with the accelerator, please use the brake.

5.SAFE OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

Our electric vehicle is designed for simple operation; however, please make sure to observe following safe operation instructions:

BEFORE OPERATING THE VEHICLE:

- ALWAYS read this first before you start driving the vehicle.
- ONLY authorized people should drive this vehicle, from the driver's side ONLY.
- Do not drive this vehicle on public road before it's registered and adhered with the license plate.
- Drive the vehicle ONLY in areas where it is allowed to use by law or local regulations and the conditions are safe to do so.
- DO NOT allow more than the designed people on the vehicle.
- DO NOT overload the vehicle in any case, otherwise the motor may be damaged, the vehicle may also lose control and/or the driver and passengers will be positioned in danger.
- DO NOT operate the vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, otherwise, their effect on vision and judgment will put the driver and passenger in danger.
- DO NOT make the vehicle climb any slope beyond its gradeability.
- DO NOT overtake other vehicles at crossroads, in blind areas or in any dangerous areas.
- Always fasten the safety belt properly before the vehicle moves under following instructions:
- 1) Be certain the seat belts are latched securely and are free from twists;
- 2) Position the shoulder belt across the top of the shoulder. Do not place the shoulder belt under an arm;
- 3) Loose fitting safety belts significantly reduce protection. Keep belts snug and positioned low on the hips;
- 4) Do not exceed the recommended number of occupants for the vehicle;
- 5) Bench seats are designed for two occupants only.

WHILE OPERATING THE VEHICLE

- Keep your entire body inside the vehicle, keep seated and hold on while the vehicle is moving.
- Do not start the vehicle until all occupants are securely seated.
- Keep your hands on the steering wheel and your eyes on the path you are going.
- Always back up slowly, and watch the back carefully.

- Avoid starting or stopping suddenly.
- Avoid turning the steering wheel too sharply at high speed.
- Always drive slowly up or down on the incline.
- Do not make any modification or addition which may affect the capacity or safety of the vehicle
- Children are not allowed to play in the vehicle. Children should be seated between adults and protected by them when the vehicle is moving.

6. MAINTENANCE

Users should perform regular maintenance to insure the vehicle in good performance.

6.1 MAINTENANCE OF BATTERY

WARNING! Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous, and it may cause sever burns, injury, etc.. Always wear protective clothing, gloves, and goggles when handling batteries, electrolyte, and charging your battery.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

1)Cleaning

a. The exterior of the battery, the connection wires and bolts should always be kept clean and dry. When cleaning, please make sure all vent caps are tightly in place. Clean the battery top with a cloth or brush and solution of baking soda and water. When cleaning, do not allow any cleaning solution, or other foreign matter to get inside the battery.

This should be done every week.

b.Clean battery terminals and the inside of cable clamps using a post and clamp cleaner. Clean terminals will have a bright metallic shine. This should be done when it is necessary.

c.Reconnect the clamps to the terminals and thinly coat them with petroleum jelly (Vaseline) to prevent corrosion.

WARNING! Before you disconnect any battery cable from any terminal on the battery, please always remove the power by disconnecting the main battery cable from the controller.

2) Checking the terminals and nuts

The connection of the battery should always be kept in good condition. Please check every week on whether any battery cable terminal or nut has become loose in order to prevent any sparkle or damage to terminals. Please check every week on whether any battery cable is damaged or not, the damaged battery cable should be replaced immediately.

3) No foreign matter

Do not place any objects on the battery and do not connect the positive pole to the negative pole. This may cause a short circuit, dangerous spark or may cause damage to the battery or injury to your body.

4) Recharging

- **a.** As long as you use the vehicle, regardless of how long you have used it, the battery shall be recharged fully on the same day. Any delay on the re-charging will cause negative effect on the battery. Notes: the lead-acid battery does not develop a memory, so no need to be fully discharged before recharging.
- **b.** If the vehicle is going to be kept unused for a certain long time, the battery shall be fully recharged first. After that, the battery shall be fully recharged every 2 weeks.
- **c.** When driving, the driver shall be always aware of the drop level of the battery power from the battery power meter, any drop means the battery power is diminishing. Besides, the driver shall estimate the distance needed to be taken, and recharge the battery at a proper time in case that the car cannot get back to the recharging station in time for recharging.

WARNING! Please make sure the battery is recharged before the battery power meter shows 20% power left inside the battery. Over-discharged battery will have a very short service life and will make the recharging very difficult.

WARNING! During recharging, the car shall be parked in a well-ventilated area with the fill caps tightly secured. Keep far away from any flame and sparks to avoid any explosion or fire that could cause physical injury or damage to the property.

WARNING! In summer time, when the battery is hot, don't recharge the battery immediately. Only charge the battery when it cools down. And also don't charge the battery in the sunshine.

WARNING! In winter time, when the temperature is too low, charge the battery in a warm place.

WARNING! At the end of the battery's life, its capacity will decrease dramatically. When changing new group of batteries, shall use the batteries of same brand, same model, same capacity and similar voltage (difference be less than 0.02V). Equalizing charging is requested for the new group of batteries.

CAUTION:

Equalizing charge is requested every month for the batteries when they are used.

5) Checking the liquid level

During the use of the battery, the water inside electrolyte will be consumed because of electrolysis and volatilization, and that will cause liquid level be dropped, therefore it's a must to check the liquid level frequently, we recommend check it every week. Add distilled water if the liquid level is under the standard.

6) WATERING

Flooded batteries need water. What's more, watering must be done at the right time and in the right amount or else the battery's performance and longevity suffers.

Water should always be added after fully charging. Prior to charging, there should be enough water to cover the plates. If the battery has been discharged (partially or fully); the water level should also be above the plates. Keeping the water at the correct level after a full charge, then you will not have to worry about the water level at a different state of charge.

Depending on the local climate, charging methods, and application, etc., Trojan recommends that batteries be checked once a month until you get a feeling for how thirsty your batteries are.

Important things to remember:

- 1. Do not let the plates get exposed in the air. This will damage (corrode) the plates.
- 2. Do not fill the water to the cap. This most likely will cause the battery to overflow acid, consequently losing capacity and causing a corrosive mess.
- 3. Do not use water with a high mineral content. Use distilled or demonized water only.

CAUTION:

The electrolyte is a solution of acid and water so skin contact should be avoided. Step by step watering procedure:

- 1. Open the vent caps and look inside the filling wells.
- 2. Check electrolyte level; the minimum level is at the top of the plates.
- 3. If necessary add just enough water to cover the plates once.
- 4. Put batteries on a complete charge before adding water (refer to the Charging section).
- 5. Once charging is completed, open the vent caps and look inside the fill wells.
- 6. Add water until the electrolyte level is 1/8" below the bottom of the fill well.
- 7. A piece of rubber can be used safely as a dipstick to help determine this level.
- 8. Clean, replace, and tighten all vent caps.

WARNING! Never add acid into the battery.

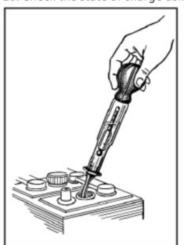
7) TESTING

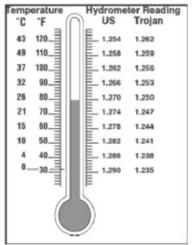
Visual inspection alone is not sufficient to determine the overall health of the battery. Both open-circuit voltage and specific gravity readings can give a good indication of the battery's charge level, life span, and health. Routine voltage and gravity checks will not only show the state of charge but also help spot signs of improper care, such as undercharging and over-watering, and possibly even locate a bad or weak battery. The following steps outline how to properly perform routine voltage and specific gravity testing on batteries.

I. Specific Gravity Test

(Flooded batteries only)

- 1. Do not add water.
- 2. Fill and drain the hydrometer 2 to 4 times before pulling out a sample.
- 3. There should be enough sample electrolyte in the hydrometer to completely support the float.
- 4. Take a reading, record, and return the electrolyte back to the cell.
- 5. To check another cell, repeat the 3 steps above.
- 6. Check all cells in the battery.
- 7. Replace the vent caps and wipe off any electrolyte that might have been spilled.
- 8. Correct the readings to 80° F: Add .004 to readings for every 10° above 80° F, Subtract .004 for every 10° below 80° F.
- 9. Compare the readings.
- 10. Check the state of charge using Table 1.





The readings should be at or above the factory specification of 1.277 +/- .007. If any specific gravity readings register low, then follow the steps below.

- 1. Check and record voltage level(s).
- 2. Put battery(s) on a complete charge.
- 3. Take specific gravity readings again.

If any specific gravity readings still register low then follow the steps below.

- 1. Check voltage level(s).
- 2. Perform equalization charge. Refer to the Equalizing section for the proper procedure.
- 3. Take specific gravity readings again.

If any specific gravity reading still registers lower than the factory specification of 1.277+/- .007 then one or more of the following conditions may exist:

- 1. The battery is old and approaching the end of its life.
- 2. The battery was left in a state of discharge too long.
- 3. Electrolyte was lost due to spillage or overflow.
- 4. A weak or bad cell is developing.
- 5. Battery was watered excessively previous to testing.

Batteries in conditions 1 - 4 should be taken to a specialist for further evaluation or retired from service.

II. Open-Circuit Voltage Test

For accurate voltage readings, batteries must remain idle (no charging, no discharging) for at least 6 hrs, preferably 24 hrs.

- 1. Disconnect all loads from the batteries.
- 2. Measure the voltage by a DC voltmeter.
- 3. Check the state of charge with Table 1.
- 4. Charge the battery if it registers 0% to 70% charged.

If the battery value is lower than that in Table 1, the following conditions may exist:

- 1. The battery was left in a state of discharge too long.
- 2. The battery has a bad cell.

Batteries in these conditions should be taken to a specialist for further evaluation or retired from service.

TABLE 1. State of charge as related to specific gravity and open circuit voltage

Percentage of	Specific Gravity	Open-Circuit Voltage						
Charge	Corrected to 80°F	6V	8V	12V	24V	36V	48V	
100	1.277	6.37	8.49	12.73	25.46	38.20	50.93	
90	1.258	6.31	8.41	12.62	25.24	37.85	50.47	
80	1.238	6.25	8.33	12.50	25.00	37.49	49.99	
70	1.217	6.19	8.25	12.37	24.74	37.12	49.49	
60	1.195	6.12	8.16	12.24	24.48	36.72	48.96	
50	1.172	6.05	8.07	12.10	24.20	36.31	48.41	
40	1.148	5.98	7.97	11.96	23.92	35.87	47.83	
30	1.124	5.91	7.88	11.81	23.63	35.44	47.26	
20	1.098	5.83	7.77	11.66	23.32	34.97	46.63	
10	1.073	5.75	7.67	11.51	23.02	34.52	46.03	

8) Battery installation

WARNING!

When working with the battery, DO NOT put wrenches or any other metal objects across the battery terminals, otherwise, an arc can occur, and it may cause explosion of the battery and physical injury.

Battery is installed or replaced only by the qualified electrician.

9) BATTERY CHARGING

WARNING!

Before you use the charger, please read the operation manual provided with the charger.

WARNING!

Explosive hydrogen gas is produced while battery is charged. Only charge the battery in well-ventilated areas.

WARNING!

Before using the charger, please check if the battery charger you are getting to use is correctly rated as per your local AC electricity network.

WARNING!

When using new battery, make sure new battery is in same specifications as original one and is appropriate in application.

The following is the charging steps:

- 1) Turn the ignition key to OFF position and pull it out.
- 2)Connect the plug to the vehicle receptacle first; then connect it to your local AC power outlet.

WARNING!

Do not disconnect the cord from the battery receptacle when the charger is ON, otherwise an arc could occur which may cause an explosion. Always disconnect the battery receptacle first, then disconnect from the AC power outlet.

3) The charger will turn off automatically when the battery is charged fully.

WARNING!

The battery receptacle is combined with a security switch which can cut off the power of the vehicle when the battery is being charged, so the vehicle cannot be started as long as the battery receptacle is plugged. After the charger turns off, disconnect the plug on the AC charging cable from the AC power outlet first, and then disconnect the DC output plug from the vehicle receptacle.

- 4)It is prohibited to open the housing of the charger.
- 5)Only qualified electrician is allowed to open the housing of the charger.
- 6) The charger should be stored in safe and dry room with good ventilation.
- 7) The charger should be packed properly if not used for long time.
- 8)Read carefully the operation manual for the charger for detailed operation instructions.

6.2 The operation and maintenance of charger

Note: As standard configuration, the charger is built in the vehicle; in same cases, it may not be built in the vehicle. If it's built in the vehicle, the position of the charger is either under the front seat or the bag well or front body.

The procedure to use the charger (when the charger is built in the vehicle):

- 1. Connect the cord to the receptacle on the vehicle;
- 2. Connect the cord to the receptacle to the outlet of household grid.
- 3.After the charger cord is connected, the red indicator on the charger will flash, charger starts the procedure of self-inspection, after self-inspection, green indicator flashes, and charger starts to charge the batteries.

4. When battery capacity is less than 80%, the green indicator flashes slowly; when battery capacity is more than 80%, the green indicator flashes fast; when the battery is fully charged, the green indicator will stop flash and always be on, and the charger will stop charging automatically.

Note: This charger has the function of over-discharging protection to protect the battery from over-discharging. When battery is close to the charging point, it will reduce the discharging current from the battery to reduce the speed of the vehicle, if fails to charge the battery, it will cut the current from the battery and stop the vehicle to force user to charge the battery.

Note: When the grid voltage is out of range of 90-260V, the charger will stop charging to protect itself, in the same time, the failure code light will be on to remind users. When the voltage returns back the requested voltage range of 90-260V, it will automatically start to charge.

Note: The charger will automatically start equalizing charge after 30 times of charging if remain the charge disconnection from the grid and battery after the battery is fully charged.

Caution!

Charger is not allowed to use if water comes in;

Caution!

Use the charger when the environment temperature is between -10°C to +45°C Celsius Degree

WARNING!

Only qualified electrician is allowed to open the housing of the charger

WARNING!

When charging the batteries, hydrogen will be generated, so it's important to keep the charging area in safe and dry room with good ventilation; and also to avoid fire and spark.

6.3 Maintenance of the Traction Motor

WARNING! No explosive gas vapor is in the air, otherwise, it may cause serve injury and damage to your body and property if the explosive gas vapor contacts the sparks generated from the motor.

1)For DC motor, the carbon brush should be checked every 3 months to see if it is worn or not as it is an easily worn part. If it is not replaced in time before it becomes worn out, it will damage the motor badly. The brush spring shall also be checked when checking the carbon brush.

- 2)Do not keep the motor running idly for long periods of time. Any idle running of the motor should be avoided.
- 3)Removal of mud, sand and other clinging objects shall be done frequently to facilitate the heat-radiation.
- 4)Periodically use the low pressure air to remove the dust from the carbon brush and the commutator. Periodically check the connection of the carbon brush and the commutator.

Main malfunction and possible reason of DC motor

Item	Symptoms	Possible Causes
1	All copper plates turn black.	The pressure of brush is incorrect.
2	The commutating copper turns black in a certain order and in groups.	Short circuit happens between the commutating copper or among the armature coil; poor welding or disconnection happens between the commutating copper and the armature coil.
3	The commutating copper turns black disorderly.	The central line of the commutator deviates or its surface is not round and not smooth.
4	The brush wears out, changes colors and breaks.	The motor vibrates; the clearance between the brush and its holder is too big; the clearance between the brush and commutator is too big; the mica between different commutators extrudes; the brush is made by wrong materials; the brush is wrong in type.
5	Big sparkles	The motor is over-loaded; the commutator are not clean, not round or not smooth; mica or some commutator extrude; the brush is not ground properly the brush is big in pressure; the brush is wrong in type; the brush is jammed in the brush holder; the brush holder become loose or vibrating; the polarity and sequence of magnetic poles become wrong.
6	The brush and its wires get hot.	Big sparkles from the brush; poor contact between brush and soft wires; small section area of soft wires.
7	The brush is noisy	The surface of the commutator is not smooth.

CAUNTION!

Only a qualified technician is allowed to perform the maintenance on the motor.

Main malfunction and possible reason of AC motor.

Item	Symptoms	Possible Causes
1	The motor is noisy	The bearing is damaged

6.4 Maintenance of the Speed Controller:

CAUTION

Only qualified electrician is allowed to do the maintenance for the controller. WARNING!

There are no user serviceable parts inside the controller. No attempt should be made to open, repair, or otherwise modify the controller. Doing so may damage the controller and will void the warranty.

CLEANING

It is recommended that the controller be kept clean and dry and that its fault history file be checked and cleared periodically.

Periodically cleaning the controller exterior will help protect it against corrosion and possible electrical control problems crated by the dirt, grime, and chemicals that are part of the operating environment and that normally exist in battery powered systems.

Please use the following cleaning procedure for routine maintenance:

- 1)Turn the power key to OFF position.
- 2)Cut off power by disconnecting the battery.
- 3)Discharge the capacitors in the controller by connecting a load (such as a contactor coil or a horn) across the controller's B+ and B- terminals.
- 4)Remove any dirt or corrosion from the connector areas. The controller should be wiped clean with moist rag. Dry it before reconnecting the battery.

The controller should not be subjected to pressured water flow from either a standard hose or a power washer.

5) Make sure the connections are tight, but do not over-tighten them.

Faulty History File

The handheld programmer (to be ordered separately) can be used to access the controller's fault history file. The programmer will read out all the faults the controller has experienced since the last time the history file was cleared. Faults such as contactor faults may be the result of loose wires; contractor wiring

should be carefully checked. Faults such as over temperature may be caused by operator habits or by overloading.

After a problem has been diagnosed and corrected, it is a good idea to clear the fault history file. This allows the controller to accumulate a new file of faults. By check the new history file at a later date, you can readily determine whether the problem was in deed fixed.

Or checking the problems according the flashing way of the STATUS light on the top of the controller, please refer to the details mentioned our service manual which is available separately.

Please contact your local dealer or a qualified electrician to work on the problems related to the motor, controller or electrical system of the vehicle when you are not able to fix them.

Main malfunction and possible reason of the controller

ltem	Symptoms	Possible Causes
1	The vehicle can not start	1)The controller does not have power 2)No signal is transmitted to the controller 3)The contacting point of the contactor stuck 4)The controller or the motor is damaged 5)The Motor encoder is not programmed properly or damaged 6)The Motor or controller is under protection because of over-temperature 7)The Electromagnetic brake locked
2	The vehicle can only move at one direction	1)The F/R switch is damaged or disconnected to the harness.
3	The vehicle can not reach maximum speed	1)The battery is going to run out. 2)The hand brake is not released or the brake shoe doesn't release. 3)The accelerator failed 4)The Controller failed 5)Too much loading 6)The Motor or controller is under protection because of over-temperature 7)The Motor encoder failed

6.5 Maintenance of Rear Axle:

While using your vehicle, the rear axle should be maintained daily, periodically and randomly.

- 1. Periodic maintenance means the driver should do some daily maintenance before, in or after driving to prevent something unexpected happens. The maintenance is focused on clearance and examine as followed:
- 1)Clean the dust and mud on the cover to keep the axle clean
- 2) Check all the connections are in good condition, in case there is any damage, if any contact sticks or there is any travel in the contact.
- 3) Check the gear oil is enough or not, and add some in time if it is not.
- 4) Check if there is any link in the connection and transmission units or any unusual sound inside the axle;
- 5) Check the brake drum, the exterior temperature and smell, it should be adjusted and repaired in time if there is any problem.
- 6)Check if the breather valve ventilate or not in case the oil linked;
- 7)Check if there is any section in the parking brake cable broken or loosen, replace a new one if there is necessary.
- 2. Periodic maintenance: The axle should be done first grade maintenance, second grade maintenance and third grade maintenance

First grade maintenance focuses on lubricate, fixation and gear oil replacement. Second grade maintenance focuses on check, adjustment and gear oil replacement.

Third grade maintenance focuses on the whole part cleaning, assembly and gear oil replacement.

Maintenance in each grade should follow the requirement.

Periodic maintenance as following sheet:

Period	Grand
Every Month	Do first grade maintenance as required above
Every 2 months	Do second grade maintenance as required above
very half year	Do third grade maintenance as required above

Malfunction and troubleshooting

Symptom(s)	Possible cause(s)	Troubleshooting			
	1. The gear oil is insufficient or used improperly	Fill some oil or replace new oil			
The axle housing	2. The bearing is not assembled correctly	Assembly correctly			
gear and bearing	3. Adjust the brake shoe pin shim or the interval.	Adjust or replace			
are damaged untimely and there is too much	4.The gear between axle 1 and 2 is not touched tightly	Adjust correctly			
noise on the final drive	5.The final drive is too noisy: 1)Check if there is any impurity 2.check if the gear is damaged	Remove the impurity, replace the gear			
	6.Axle 1 strikes heavily	Adjust or replace a new one			
	7.The rear axle is out of shape (check if it is over loaded)	Replace			
	There is interval between the brake shoes and drum.	Adjust the interval			
	2. There is oily dirty on the brake shoes or drum.	Remove the impurity			
Lack of breaking	3. There is air in brake pipe	Dispel the air			
force	4. The brake pipe leaks.	Repair the pipe			
	5. The brake shoes are over-rubbed.	Replace a new one			
	6. The brake cable is too long or is blocked.	Adjust the brake cable			
The brake is	1.The brake pedal is not bounces back smoothly	Replace a new one			
difficult to	2. The brake shoe is out of shape	Refit or replace			
release completely	3.The is some block on the transmission unit's replace	Refit or replace			
The oil leaks	1.The Oil Seal is damaged	Replace a new one			
The off leaks	2.Too much Oil	Adjust the oil lever			

6.6 Wheel Replacement

WARNING!

Before doing anything on the wheel and tire, please make sure the power key is positioned on OFF position.

Please read the tire manufacturer's instructions and never exceed their recommendation.

Protect face and eyes from escaping air when removing the valve core.

Be sure the mounting/demounting machine is anchored to floor.

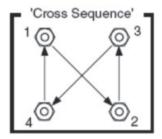
Wear safety equipment when mounting/demounting the wheel and tire.

To remove a wheel on the vehicle:

- 1)Blocking the wheel, then loosen the wheel nuts
- 2)Use a jack to lift the vehicle, and then remove the wheel nuts and the wheel.

To install a wheel on the vehicle:

- 1)Use a jack to lift the vehicle, and then put the wheel onto the wheel hub with lug nuts.
- 2)Finger tighten the lug nuts, then tighten lug nuts to 50-85ft.lbs.(70-115Nm) in 20ft.lbs.(30Nm) increments following the 'cross sequence' pattern



3) Remove the jack.

If the tire is flat, remove the wheel and inflate the tire to the maximum recommended pressure for the tire. Immerse the tire in water to locate the leak and mark with chalk. Place tire plug according to the manufacturer's specifications.

6.7 Brake Adjustment

WARNING!

If you have any problem with the brakes, please consult our dealers. Brake failure can result in serious accident or physical danger.

The brakes on the vehicle can be self-adjusted.

Before you operate the vehicle, please press down on the brake pedal several times to make sure the brakes are functioning properly.

Check and replace the brake shoe periodically.

7. LUBRICATION

- 1) Use 90GL hypoid gear oil of 1 liter for the rear end.
- 2) Lubrication points: a. Spindle assembly (driver side and passenger side);
- b. Middle shaft; c. Rear end;



Spindle (Passenger Side)



Spindle (Driver Side)



Rear End



Middle Shaft

8. RUNNING-IN OF NEW VEHICLE

In order to guarantee the performance of the vehicle and enhance its reliability and working life, its parts should experience a certain period of running-in before it works under peak load. Each new vehicle is required to give one month of running-in time or 1000kms running-in distance, detail procedure is as per the following.

- 1.Before running-in, shall check the capacity of oil, electrolyte and brake oil, if any insufficiency is found, shall fill it accordingly.
- 2. The tire pressure shall comply with the rated pressure marked on the tire.
- 3.Limit the speed of the vehicle to control the current of the vehicle under 40A during driving.
- 4. Often check and tighten regularly the fixing parts of each connecting points.

WARNING!

- 1)To avoid any damage on the brake shoe, handbrake should be released to its bottom before staring the vehicle.
- 2)The lubricant for rear power assembly must be applied and changed as per user's manual.
- 3) The brake system must be adjusted once every 3 months.
- 4) The electricity system must be checked once every 3 months (especially main circuit) for its fastening parts and wiring connections. Meanwhile the contactor should be checked, any defective parts should be replaced immediately. Its dust should be cleaned by low pressure air.
- 5) The electric contactors easily become hot if their mutual contact is not in good condition, so special attention should be paid regularly to the electric contactors.
- 6) When changing the fuse, make sure that the new fuse is right in rated current.
- 7)For the sake of safety, disconnect the positive pole from the battery when maintenance is done.
- 8) Never step the accelerator hard and frequently, which may shorten the life of the controller.
- 9)It is prohibited to fill any other liquids (such as battery addictives, mineral water and tap water) into the battery, ONLY the distilled water is allowed to fill in the battery.

- 10)Do not drive at high speed when going downhill; slow down the vehicle when turning; and remind the passengers to hold on when turning and going downhill.
- 11)Children are not allowed to play in the vehicle; Children should be seated between adults and vehicle by adults when the vehicle is running.

9. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE CHARTS

Regular maintenance is required for the best performance and safe operation of the vehicle.

WARNING!

Make sure to turn off the power key and apply the park brake when you do the maintenance unless otherwise specified. If the owner is not familiar with the vehicle maintenance, it should be done by the dealer from whom you get your vehicle: cm³

1D - per day 1W - per week 1M - per month 1Q - per quarter 1Y - per year

Item	Descriptions	1D	1W	1 M	1Q	1Y
	1. Check the liquid level. Please add the distilled water if necessary.	Υ				
	2. Charge the battery	γ				
	3. Tighten the nut on the battery cable		Υ			
	 Check if the battery is over-discharged (the battery power meter flashing) 	Υ				
Battery	5. Check the liquid density of the battery, standard density should be 1.277±0.007g/ cm3 (800 F. or 25°C) when the battery is fully charged.		Υ			
	Check if the battery is charged fully by 2 ways: a) using the hydrometer; b) checking the battery power meter;	Υ				
	7. Clean the surface of battery		Υ			
	8. Observe the charging status, check if the charger plug becomes hot.	Υ				
Charger	9. Clean the surface of the charger. Do not get any water inside the charger.		Υ			
	 Check if all terminals are tightened properly. Please do this after the power is off. 				Y	
Controller	11. Clean the surface of the controller.				Υ	
	12. Check if the solenoid is in order, checking its touching point. $ \\$					Υ
Motor	13. Check if any water gets in. Check if it becomes too hot.	Υ				
	14. Check if the carbon brush should be replaced.					Υ
	15. Check if the accelerator pedal works well and if it can be released freely and automatically.				Y	
	16. Check if the brake drum and the brake shoe should be replaced or not.				Υ	
	17. Check if the hand brake functions. (applicable for vehicle with hand brake).				Υ	
	18. Check if the hose and tube for the brake liquid leaking. (applicable for vehicle with hydraulic brake).			Υ		
Chassis and body	 Check if the brake liquid inside the brake liquid tank is enough. (applicable for vehicle with hydraulic brake). 			Υ		
•	20. Check the air pressure inside the tire, check if the tire surface is worn, and check if the nuts are tightened properly.		Υ			
	21. Check if the shock absorber has any oil leaking, flat or abnormal noise.			Υ		
	22. Check if there is oil leaking on the gear box and the rear end.		Υ			
	23. Add the lubricant inside the wheel hub, steering system.				Υ	
	24. Adjust the toe-in of the front end				Υ	
:	25. Clean the body and seat				Υ	

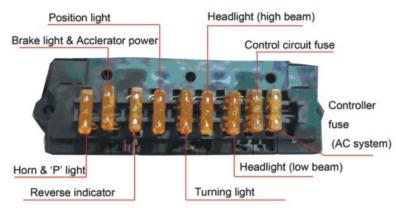
After above maintenance, drive the vehicle to check if the vehicle works properly.

10. LOCATION OF FUSES

1.) Blade fuses & fuse box

All the accessory fuses (8 pieces for DC system, 9 pcs for AC system) are installed in the fuse box which is located in the left side of the seat pod.





2.) Main fuse

Main fuse is located on the controller mounting board under the front seat.



11. STORAGE

Please follow the steps as below when the vehicle is stored.

1. Check the liquid level inside the battery; recharge it before storing the vehicle.

WARNING!

Please charge the battery once a month if your vehicle will be stored more than one month.

- 2. Turn the power key to OFF, remove the key, and store the key in a safe position.
- 3. Move the tow switch into TOW position if it has.
- 4. Check the tire pressure to make sure its pressure is set to recommended pressure.
- 5. Clean the exterior of the vehicle and apply the rust inhibitor.
- 6. Cover the vehicle with a breathable cover and store it in a dry, safe and well-ventilated place.
- 7. If the vehicle is planned to store for a long time, then please check the liquid level inside the battery once a month, recharge the battery.

12. WIRING DIAGRAM

1) Wiring diagram for vehicle 36V with Curtis Controller 1243 (FIG. 1)

2) Wiring diagram for vehicle 48V with Curtis Controller 1268 (FIG.2)

3) Wiring diagram for vehicle 48V with Zapi controller ACEO (FIG.3)

This manual tries to be as sound and elaborate as possible in literal and figurative description as well as technical description on the basis of existent data. At the same time, our company reserves the right to alter the content of this manual and this manual is subject to change without prior notice; in addition, our company has the final interpretation right of this manual. All rights reserved

2014.10.1st version

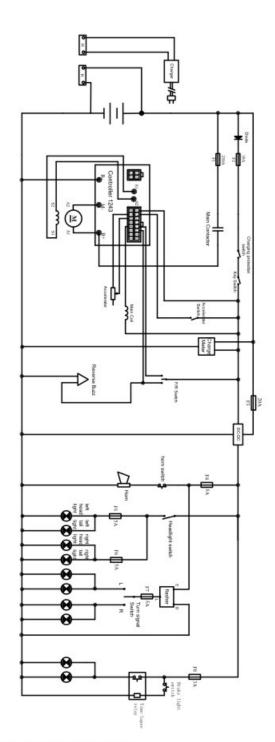


FIG.2

38 Operation Manual for 202AK Series Golf Cart

FIG.1

